Research Institute for Discrete Mathematics Approximation Algorithms Summer term 2010 Prof. Dr. S. Hougardy J. Schneider

Exercise Set 10

Exercise 1:

A weight function c on a bipartite graph G satisfies the square inequality if $c(a, b) + c(a', b) + c(a', b') \ge c(a, b')$ for all $\{a, b\}, \{a', b\}, \{a, b'\}, \{a', b'\} \in E(G)$. An instance of the BIPARTITE TSP WITH SQUARE INEQUALITY is a complete bipartite graph with non-negative edge weights. Show that if there is an α -approximation algorithm for the BIPARTITE TSP WITH SQUARE INEQUALITY, then there also is an α -approximation algorithm for the BIPARTITE TSP. (Hint: Given an instance (G, c) of the METRIC TSP, construct an instance (H, d) of the other problem with $V(H) := V(G) \times \{1, 2\}$ and $d(\{(v, 1), (w, 2)\}) \in \{c(\{v, w\}), 0\}.)$

(4 points)

Exercise 2:

For a graph with weighted edges, the TRAVELING SALESMEN PROBLEM is the problem of finding a collection of cycles covering all vertices that have a minimum weight. The weight of such a collection is the sum of weights of the cycles's edges. Show that the TRAVELING SALESMEN PROBLEM can be solved in polynomial time. (You can use that a perfect matching can be found in polynomial time.)

(3 points)

Exercise 3:

Let c_0 be the value of an optimal solution of an instance of the METRIC TSP and c_1 the cost of a second-shortest tour. Prove $\frac{c_1-c_0}{c_0} \leq \frac{2}{n}$.

(4 points)

Exercise 4:

Show that the 2-OPT algorithm has an approximation guarantee of $\frac{3}{2}$ on graphs which have edge lengths 1 or 2.

(4 points)

Please return the exercises until Tuesday, July 6th, at 2:15 pm.