## Exercise Set 3

**Exercise 3.1.** Assume unit  $B_2$ -circuit-delay and zero wire-delay.

(a) Show that for n inputs with arrival times  $t_i \in \mathbb{N}$  (i = 1, ..., n) there are n-ary AND, OR or XOR circuits over  $B_2$  with delay  $d \in \mathbb{N}$  if and only if

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} 2^{t_i - d} \le 1.$$

(b) Provide an algorithm that finds such a circuit in  $\mathcal{O}(n \log n)$  time.

(3+3 points)

**Exercise 3.2.** Consider a prefix tree computing  $z_n \circ \cdots \circ z_1$  for generate/propagate pairs  $z_1, \ldots, z_n$  with arrival times  $t_1, \ldots, t_n \in \mathbb{N}$ , where  $\circ$  is the prefix operator for adder circuits. Let  $F_k$  be the first Fibonacci number that is at least as large as  $\sum_{i=1}^{n} (F_{t_i+3} - 1)$ .

- (a) Show that a prefix tree with  $B_2$  delay at most k can be computed by computing a prefix tree for an instance with modified arrival times  $t'_1, \ldots, t'_n \in \mathbb{N}$  with  $\max\{t'_i : 1 \le i \le n\} \le 2n - 1$ .
- (b) Assume linear-time addition and multiplication with constants. Show that for any fixed  $\gamma > 1$  a prefix carry bit circuit with  $B_2$ -delay at most

$$\log_{\varphi}\left(\sum_{i=1}^{n}\varphi^{t_i}\right) + 4 + 2.1 \cdot n^{1-\gamma}$$

can be found in  $\mathcal{O}(n\gamma \log^2 n)$  time where  $\varphi$  is the golden ratio.

(2+5 points)

**Exercise 3.3.** Let  $n = 2^k$  for  $k \in \mathbb{N}$  and a, b two *n*-bit numbers representing  $|a|, |b| \in \mathbb{N}$ . Define  $f^n \in B_{2n,2n}$  as  $f^n(a,b) := |a| \cdot |b|$  i.e. the product of two naturals.

- (a) A *bit-shift* is a multiplication by  $2^i$  for  $i \in \mathbb{N}$ . Show that  $|a| \cdot |b|$  can be expressed in terms of at most 3 non-bit-shift multiplications of  $\frac{n}{2}$ -bit numbers, 6 additions of 2n-bit numbers, and several bit-shifts.
- (b) Show  $S(n) \leq 3 \cdot S(\frac{n}{2}) + cn$  and  $D(n) \leq D(\frac{n}{2}) + d \cdot \log_2 n$  for constants c and d.
- (c) Let  $\Omega := \{\wedge, \vee, \oplus\}$ . Show  $S_{\Omega}(f^n) = \mathcal{O}(n^{\log_2 3})$  and  $D_{\Omega}(f^n) = \mathcal{O}(\log_2^2 n)$  for circuits with fanout 2.

(1 + 3 + 3 points)

**Deadline:** May  $3^{rd}$ , before the lecture. The websites for lecture and exercises can be found at:

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http://www.or.uni-bonn.de/lectures/ss18/chipss18.html
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In case of any questions feel free to contact me at bihler@or.uni-bonn.de.